

R. forrestii Balf. f. subsp. **papillatum** Chamberlain, subsp. nov. (Subsect. Neriiflora). A subsp. *forrestii* foliis obovatis vel ellipticis, in pagina inferiora sparse stipitato-glandulosis epidermide glauco-papillata differt. S. Tibet. Doshong La, 11-13000 ft, 24 vi 1924, *Kingdon-Ward* 5845 (holo. E); *ibidem*, 11500 ft, 12 v 1947, *Ludlow, Sherriff & Elliot* 13665; Deyang La, 13500 ft, 2 & 9 vi 1947, *L., S. & E.* 15106, 15207; nr Showa Dzong, 1000 ft, 9 vi 1947, *L., S. & E.* 13127; Seingku Wang, 11-12000 ft, 13 vi 1926, *Kingdon-Ward* 6912.

Dwarf shrub, 5-25 cm, usually creeping over rocks, with blood-red to scarlet solitary flowers and densely stipitate-glandular ovaries. A distinctive subspecies on the Western edge of the range of the species; distinguished from subsp. *forrestii* by its obovate to elliptic leaves ($1.5-3.5 \times 0.8-1.1$ cm) that have a glaucous-papillate lower epidermis with stout stipitate glands on the midrib and main lateral veins. This subspecies closely resembles *R. forrestii* Balf. f. var. *tumescens* Cowan & Davidian but the latter differs in the epapillate, eglandular lower surface of the leaves and in the ovary that is rufous-tomentose with an admixture of glands. Var. *tumescens* is intermediate between and probably a hybrid of *R. forrestii* subsp. *papillatum* and *R. chamaethomsonii*.

RHODODENDRON MONTROSEANUM

Rhododendron montroseanum Davidian, nom. nov. (*R. mollyanum* Cowan & Davidian in Rhodo. & Camellia Yearb. 8:72, 1953—basionym; non. *R. mollianum* Koorders in Nova Guin. Bot. 8:187, 1909).

The change in nomenclature may be regretted, but is strictly in accordance with the *International Code of Botanical Nomenclature*. (It may be remarked that *R. mollyanum* was also named after the same Duchess of Montrose who was known to her family as 'Molly'.)

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