

Edinburgh Journal of Botany is an international journal of plant systematics. Contributions relating to plant systematics and allied subjects, including biodiversity, conservation science and phytogeography, will be considered. Papers reporting the results of research that link traditional and modern techniques are especially welcomed. **Manuscripts should be sent in electronic form** to ejb@rbge.org.uk. All manuscripts will be subject to multiple peer review before publication. Submitted manuscripts should not have been accepted for publication or be under consideration elsewhere. The **language** of the journal is UK English. Authors whose mother tongue is not English should have their papers checked by a fluent or proficient English speaker before submission.

There are no page charges. A PDF offprint will be supplied free of charge to the corresponding author. Paper offprints may be purchased through the publisher. Colour plates may be included in the online version free of charge; the cost of including colour plates in the printed version will be charged to the author. Halftone plates are free of charge both online and in print.

Text pages should be numbered serially, with the title and abstract on the first. Genus and species names should be italicised and should be followed by the authority when first used in the main text or in diagnoses. SI (metric) units must be used other than in specimen citations where appropriate. Authors are advised not to return loan material of new taxa until papers have been reviewed. Refer to volume 63 onwards to see how nomenclatural details, typification and specimens seen should be formatted.

The **title page** should include the title, the name(s) and address(es) of the author(s), the abstract, a short running title and a few important keywords. Titles do not normally include authors of scientific names. Correspondence will be addressed to the first author unless otherwise indicated. The **abstract** should be concise and informative, indicating what the paper contains without summarising it.

Author abbreviations should precisely follow: *The International Plant Names Index*, <http://www.ipni.org/index.html>; *Index Fungorum, Authors of Fungal Names*, http://www.indexfungorum.org/authorsof_fungalnames.htm.

Herbarium abbreviations should follow: *Index Herbariorum. Part I: The Herbaria of the World*, <http://sweetgum.nybg.org/ih/>.

Journal abbreviations should follow: *BPH Online*, http://fmhibd.library.cmu.edu/fmi/iwp/cgi?-db=BPH_Online2014&-loadframes.

Book title abbreviations should follow: *Taxonomic Literature*, <http://www.sil.si.edu/digitalcollections/tl-2/index.cfm> except that all abbreviated words should be capitalised, e.g. Sp. Pl. not Sp. pl.

References in the text should be cited by author and publication date: (Smith, 2014) or 'as stated by Smith (2014)'. Multiple references should be arranged chronologically. For three or more authors use *et al.* In the reference list, references should be in alphabetical order and should appear in the following style:

KNOFF, P., SCHULZ, C., LITTLE, D. P., STÜTZEL, T. & STEVENSON, D. W. (2012). Relationships within Podocarpaceae based on DNA sequence, anatomical, morphological, and biogeographical data. *Cladistics* 28: 271–299.

NOLTIE, H. J. (2013). *The Botanical Collections of Colonel and Mrs Walker: Ceylon, 1830–1838*. Edinburgh: Royal Botanic Garden Edinburgh.

ZHANG, Y. X. & LI, D. Z. (2013). History of and recent advances in plant taxonomy. In: HONG, D. Y. & BLACKMORE, S. (eds) *Plants of China: A Companion to the Flora of China*, pp. 256–278. Beijing: Science Press.

Tables should be numbered in arabic numerals and carry a descriptive title. **Figures**, whether line drawings or photographs, should be numbered consecutively in arabic numerals and referred to in the text thus: (Fig. 1), (Figs 2, 3), (Figs 1–4). Line drawings should be scanned in black and white at 600 dpi and photographs at 300 dpi (but correspond with the editor if this should prove problematic) and sent electronically with the manuscript. Please use LZW compression for tif files, remove excess space and elements from around the image, and crop or scale the image to the journal page size (12.5 × 19.5 cm to include caption). A measured scale mark should be included on each illustration to indicate magnification.

First View: Articles may be made available online before the issue in which they appear is published, though this is not possible in the case of nomenclatural acts, such as new species descriptions and lectotypifications. Cambridge University Press normally publishes the electronic version of the journal simultaneously with the paper edition in order to avoid problems of priority in nomenclature. Authors whose work contains no nomenclatural acts, and who wish their article to be published electronically before it is published on paper, may inform the editor.

Open Access: Cambridge Open Option allows authors the option to make their articles freely available to everyone, immediately on publication. For further information see the online Instructions for Contributors at <http://journals.cambridge.org/ejb>.

CONTENTS

Are the Neotropical swamp forests a distinguishable forest type? Patterns from southeast and southern Brazil. B. C. KURTZ, J. L. VALENTIN & F. R. SCARANO	191
<i>Rhododendron pseudomaddenii</i> (Ericaceae), a new species from India. A. A. MAO & M. BHAUMIK	209
Author attribution and lectotypification of the name <i>Bauhinia diphylla</i> (Fabaceae: Caesalpinioideae). S. BANDYOPADHYAY	215
<i>Eriocaulon biappendiculatum</i> , a new species of Eriocaulaceae from the Southern Western Ghats, India. K. M. MANUDEV, A. J. ROBI & S. NAMPY	219
<i>Cedrela ngobe</i> (Meliaceae), a new species from Panama and Costa Rica. A. V. KÖCKE, A. N. MUELLNER-RIEHL, O. CÁCERES & T. D. PENNINGTON	225
A new species of <i>Gyrocheilos</i> (Gesneriaceae) from Vietnam. D. J. MIDDLETON	235
<i>Diplycosia mekonggaensis</i> (Ericaceae, Gaultherieae), a new species from Sulawesi, Indonesia. G. ARGENT & E. A. WIDJAJA	239
A monographic revision of the genus <i>Podocarpus</i> (Podocarpaceae): III. The species of the Central America and Northern Mexico Bioregions. R. R. MILL	243

The cover illustration, drawn by Mary Mendum, is of the diminutive alpine plant *Sibbaldia procumbens*, named in honour of one of the Royal Botanic Garden Edinburgh's founders Robert Sibbald. This plant is used, in a stylised form, as the Garden's official logo.

Date of publication of *Edinburgh Journal of Botany* 72(1) (pages 1–190): 19 February 2015